

Original ✓

TP-00190

TP-00190

NOAA FORM 76-35	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY	
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT	
Type of Survey ..Coastal..Boundary.....	
Job No. ..PH-7010.....	Map No. TP-00190..
Classification No. Final	Edition No. ..1.....
Field Edited Map	
LOCALITY	
StateFlorida.....	
General Locality ..Palm..Beach..County.....	
Locality ..Gulf..Stream..to.....	
Tropic Isle Harbor	
19 70 TO 1973	
REGISTRY IN ARCHIVES	
DATE	

NOAA FORM 76-36A (3-72)		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN.		TYPE OF SURVEY ☒ ORIGINAL ☐ RESURVEY ☐ REVISED		SURVEY TP. <u>00190</u> MAP EDITION NO. <u>(1)</u> MAP CLASS <u>Einal</u> JOB <u>PH. 7010</u>	
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD				LAST PRECEEDING MAP EDITION TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ ORIGINAL ☐ RESURVEY ☐ REVISED			
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE Rockville, MD				JOB <u>PH. 7010</u> MAP CLASS _____ SURVEY DATES: 19__ TO 19__			
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE Commander Wesley V. Hull							
I. INSTRUCTIONS DATED							
1. OFFICE General-Instructions-OFFICE-NOS Cooperative Coastal Boundary Mapping, Job PH-7000, June 19, 1973 OFFICE-Supplement I, August 19, 1973 NOTE: Office and Field Edit Instructions (1973) incorporate applicable prior operational instructions. OFFICE-Supplement II, Sept. 24, 1973				2. FIELD Aerial Photography 9/2/69 Supplement I, 1/28/70 Supplement II, 3/26/70 Supplement III, 8/10/72 Field Edit (PH-7000, General Instructions for Florida Coastal Zone Mapping) 1973			
II. DATUMS							
1. HORIZONTAL: ☒ 1927 NORTH AMERICAN				OTHER (Specify)			
2. VERTICAL: ☒ MEAN HIGH-WATER ☒ MEAN LOW-WATER ☐ MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER ☐ MEAN SEA LEVEL				OTHER (Specify)			
3. MAP PROJECTION Transverse Mercator				4. GRID(S) STATE <u>Florida</u> ZONE <u>East</u> STATE _____ ZONE _____			
5. SCALE 1:10,000				STATE _____ ZONE _____			
III. HISTORY OF OFFICE OPERATIONS							
OPERATIONS				NAME		DATE	
1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY				D. Norman		5/71	
METHOD: <u>Analytic</u> LANDMARKS AND AIDS BY				Inapplicable			
2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY				D. Phillips		5/72	
METHOD: <u>Coradomat</u> CHECKED BY				Inapplicable			
3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY				Inapplicable			
COMPILATION CHECKED BY							
INSTRUMENT:				Inapplicable			
SCALE:							
4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY				P. Dempsey		4/73	
Shoreline: <u>Graphic</u> CHECKED BY				J. Battley, Jr.		4/73	
METHOD: <u>Interior: Orthophoto mosaic</u> CHECKED BY				Inapplicable			
SCALE: <u>1:10,000</u> HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY				J. Taylor		9/72	
CHECKED BY				J. Battley, Jr.		9/72	
5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY				J. Battley, Jr.		4/73	
6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA BY				P. Gibson		8/73	
CHECKED BY				G. Fromm		11/73	
7. COMPILATION SECTION REVIEW BY				J. Battley, Jr.		11/74	

NOAA FORM 76-36B
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

TP-00190

COMPILATION SOURCES

1. COMPILATION PHOTOGRAPHY

CAMERA(S) Wild RC-8 E&L 6" focal length		TYPES OF PHOTOGRAPHY LEGEND		TIME REFERENCE	
TIDE STAGE REFERENCE		(C) COLOR (P) PANCHROMATIC (I) INFRARED B&W		ZONE	☒ STANDARD ☒ DAYLIGHT
☐ PREDICTED TIDES ☐ REFERENCE STATION RECORDS ☒ TIDE CONTROLLED PHOTOGRAPHY				Eastern	
				75th & 60th	
NUMBER AND TYPE	DATE	TIME	SCALE	STAGE OF TIDE	
* 71E(C)9517 - 9521	3/8/71	12:06	1:30,000	The stage of tide is inapplicable for the color photography.	
70L7041R-7042R	8/15/70	1400	1:25,000	Refer to the following page for tide information.	
70L7043R-7047R	8/15/70	1404	1:25,000		
70L7164R-7168R	8/17/70	1040	1:25,000		

REMARKS

*Photography used for the assembly of the orthophoto mosaic.

2. SOURCE OF MEAN HIGH-WATER LINE:

The source of the MHW line is the tide-coordinated black-and-white infrared photography listed in item 1. The rectified color photography was used as an aid for interpreting cultural features and compiling the limits of shoal and shallow areas for Nautical Charts.

Where the shoreline is obscured by vegetation such as mangrove, the apparent shoreline symbol was used.

The map was field edited in 1973.

3. SOURCE OF MEAN LOW-WATER OR MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER LINE:

The source of the MLW line is the tide-coordinated black-and-white infrared photography listed under item 1.

4. CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS (List only those surveys that are sources for photogrammetric survey information.)

SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED	SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED
Inapplicable					

5. FINAL JUNCTIONS

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
TP-00189	Atlantic Ocean	TP-00191	No Survey
REMARKS Final junctions were made in the Coastal Mapping Section.			

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TIDE INFORMATION

3

PHOTOGRAPHY	TIDE STATIONS (In operation at time of photography)	STAGE OF TIDE	MEAN RANGE
ATLANTIC OCEAN			
70L7041-7042R	Hillsboro Inlet Ocean	+0.22MLW	2.57
70L7043-7047R	Hillsboro Inlet Ocean	+0.12MLW	
70L-7164-7168	Hillsboro Inlet Ocean	-0.01MHW	
INTERIOR WATERS			
70L7041-7042R	Boynton Beach Lake Worth	+0.18 MLW	2.52
70L7043-7047R	Boynton Beach Lake Worth	+0.11MLW	
70L7164-7168R	Boynton Beach Lake Worth	+0.50MHW	

NOAA FORM 76-36C
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

HISTORY OF FIELD OPERATIONS.

TP-00190

I. ☒ FIELD INSPECTION OPERATION * ☒ FIELD EDIT OPERATION. 1973

OPERATION	NAME	DATE
1. CHIEF OF FIELD PARTY	R.R. Wagner	
2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY R.R. Wagner ESTABLISHED BY PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY	5/73
3. VERTICAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY R.R. Wagner ESTABLISHED BY PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY	5/73
4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION	RECOVERED (Triangulation Stations) BY R.R. Wagner LOCATED (Field Methods) BY IDENTIFIED BY C.V. Ullman	5/73
5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES INVESTIGATION	TYPE OF INVESTIGATION ☐ COMPLETE ☐ SPECIFIC NAMES ONLY ☒ NO INVESTIGATION	
6. PHOTO INSPECTION	CLARIFICATION OF DETAILS BY C.V. Ullman	5/73
7. BOUNDARIES AND LIMITS	SURVEYED OR IDENTIFIED BY N.A.	

II. SOURCE DATA

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

2. VERTICAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

PHOTO NUMBER	STATION NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	STATION DESIGNATION
	Refer to Field Report	71E9518	A98, X233, P315, Q315
		71E9519	BM116(USE), Z233, M315
		71E9520	N02(TIDAL), M310
		71E9521	B234, C234, L315, DELRAY, DELRAY S BASE

3. PHOTO NUMBERS (Clarification of details)

71E9517 thru 71E9521

4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION IDENTIFIED

Landmarks and nonfloating aids were located or verified by photogrammetric methods.

PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME
71E9520	Daybeacon 53		
71E9518	Daybeacon 52A		

5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE6. BOUNDARY AND LIMITS: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE

7. SUPPLEMENTAL MAPS AND PLANS

8. OTHER FIELD RECORDS (Sketch books, etc. DO NOT list data submitted to the Geodesy Division)

*Field Report bound in this Descriptive Report.

NOAA FORM 76-36D
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

TP-00190

RECORD OF SURVEY USE

I. MANUSCRIPT COPIES

COMPILATION STAGES			DATE MANUSCRIPT FORWARDED	
DATA COMPILED	DATE	REMARKS	MARINE CHARTS	HYDRO SUPPORT
No copies of this map were furnished to Nautical Charts prior to final review.				

II. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION

1. REPORTS TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, NAUTICAL DATA BRANCH

NUMBER	CHART LETTER NUMBER ASSIGNED	DATE FORWARDED	REMARKS
		4/9/75	3 Forms 76-40 submitted as final report.

2. ☒ REPORT TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, COAST PILOT BRANCH. DATE FORWARDED: 4/9/753. ☐ REPORT TO AERONAUTICAL CHART DIVISION, AERONAUTICAL DATA SECTION. DATE FORWARDED: _____

III. FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER DATA

1. ☒ BRIDGING PHOTOGRAPHS; ☒ DUPLICATE BRIDGING REPORT; ☒ COMPUTER READOUTS.
 2. ☒ CONTROL STATION IDENTIFICATION CARDS; ☒ FORM NOS 567 SUBMITTED BY FIELD PARTIES.
 3. ☒ SOURCE DATA (except for *Geographic Names Report*) AS LISTED IN SECTION II, NOAA FORM 76-36C.
 ACCOUNT FOR EXCEPTIONS:

4. ☐ DATA TO FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER. DATE FORWARDED: _____

IV. SURVEY EDITIONS (This section shall be completed each time a new map edition is registered)

SECOND EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (2)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL
THIRD EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (3)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL
FOURTH EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (4)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL

Record of Decisions
TP-00190

The Record of Decisions was discontinued on June 17, 1975.
Refer to Form 76-36B bound in this Descriptive Report for
tidal datum information.

SUMMARY

TP-00185 thru TP-00192

Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 is one of eight (8) similar maps in Job PH-7010. The index to adjoining sheets will show its location. These maps are intended for planning purposes by the State of Florida and for the compilation of NOS Nautical Charts.

The area is covered by aerial photography taken in 1970 and 1971 on color and black-and-white infrared film. The infrared film was tide coordinated.

Field operations consisted of the following:

1. Recovery of horizontal and vertical control
2. Pre-marking of horizontal control for aerotriangulation
3. Establishment of tidal datums
4. Tide station and tidal bench mark information.

Horizontal control was extended by analytical aerotriangulation methods using the stereo comparator. This provided control for the orthophoto mosaic and compilation.

Shoreline and alongshore features were compiled from tide-coordinated black-and-white infrared photography using stereo plotter and/or graphic methods. The interior of the maps are depicted by an orthophoto mosaic.

All line work is scribed, approved symbols are shown in the marginal data.

Explanatory notes relating to datum determinations approved by a special ad hoc committee are shown on the reverse side of the maps.

All maps are published by the NOS and were printed in three colors by the Reproduction Division. A special registration copy was prepared to meet the requirements for Nautical Charts. This registration copy shows additional offshore details not shown on the published map and will be noted "Registration Copy" under the title block.

The following items will be registered in the NOS Archives:

1. A plastic copy of the published map (1:10,000 scale)
2. A stable base positive of the registration copy (1:10,000 scale)
3. A continuous tone negative of the orthophoto mosaic
4. The Descriptive Report.

All negatives used in printing the maps are filed in the Reproduction Division.

All field data such as field edit sheets, discrepancy prints, field edit photographs, foreshore profiles, and field forms are filed in the National Archives.

FIELD REPORT

CCPS PH-7010 and PH-7113

In accordance with Instructions - FIELD - PH-7010, Aerotriangulation Control, and Instructions - FIELD - Job PH-7113; Horizontal Control for Aerotriangulation and Field Support for Aerial Photography; Coastal Boundary Mapping, Florida, the following report is submitted.

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

The two jobs are treated as one for report purposes, targets on Job PH-7010 being replaced in approximately the same positions as they were in November 1970.

Twenty-one stations were premarked for 1:30,000 scale color photography. Where feasible, Array No. 1 was used, being a 9-foot triangle with 3 runners or wing panels of 2 x 20 ft. dimensions. Several variations were used as the area is highly developed, particularly in the southern part, and space was not always available. The CSI cards are believed to be adequate to explain the variations but some discussion is in order.

From north to south the first 8 stations are Array No. 1 with varying degrees of angle between the wing panels.

POMPANO 1928 was marked by a triangle painted on the macadam (station is in a parking area) over the station mark. Paint used was Pittsburg fluorescent TANGERINE (very close to what we call fire orange) and should show well on the color photographs. (This paint was used on two other stations and we would be interested to know how it turns out.) In addition; a white 9-ft. triangle was placed on top of a nearby flat-roofed building approximately 10 feet high, which is a sub-station.

2.

HALLAND 1928 was marked by a painted target substation placed on the light brown sand of a public beach. We used a white plastic target and painted it. No room was available for wing panels at this small beach.

CAPE FLORIDA OLD TOWER FINIAL 1883 was marked by a single white triangle. No room was available for wing panels.

CAUSEWAY 1934 was marked by a painted triangle placed on the west end of a bridge under construction. The bridge is real white and the color should show "like a light".

PAN AMERICAN 1935 was marked by 2 white triangles placed on the lower level of the 3-level, flat-topped building, one on the east side and one on the south. They are approximately 18 to 20 feet above ground. Two triangles were used "to be sure".

BLACK POINT 3 and NARROW POINT are in the water and approximately 50 feet offshore. Triangles were built over the station marks and about 3 feet above estimated mean high-water level. 8-foot squares were used as wing panels believing these would withstand more wind. The Commander of USSA 88 reported these targets in good condition at time of bridging photography, only one wing panel being damaged.

All targets were taken up after photography except the two in the water. All were found in good condition, although we had to make repairs to a few during the period they were on the ground due to wind damage. Only station CLOISTER was vandalized and it was not bothered after it was replaced. This is rather remarkable considering some of the locations.

USGS quad maps showing approximate locations of targets have been submitted.

We were advised by the Commander of aircraft that Line 30-1, Job PH-7113, was photographed February 24 and the other lines on both Jobs on March 8.

2. TIDE COORDINATED PHOTOGRAPHY

As directed by telephone, the following nine tide

3.

stations were manned.

- (1) Lake Worth, Atlantic Ocean
- (2) Andrews Avenue Bridge, Fort Lauderdale
- (3) Bahia Mar Yacht Club, Fort Lauderdale
- (4) Port Everglades
- (5) Biscayne Creek, North Miami
- (6) Biscayne Bay, Miami
- (7) Biscayne Bay, Cutler
- (8) Biscayne Bay, Turkey Point
- (9) Card Sound

Photography obtained was based on the first seven gages. Lines 30-5 and 30-6 would have been based on TURKEY POINT and CARD SOUND. These lines were not photographed. Also, high-water only was obtained for line 30-4, based on CUTLER.

Recordings entered in the tide volumes, Form 277, were at 5 minute intervals near and during photography; otherwise 15 minute interval. Wet staff readings--crest, trough and mean--were recorded while photography was in progress. Tolerances of ± 0.3 ft. for mean high-water and ± 0.1 ft. for mean low-water were observed. Eastern Standard Time was used.

Photography was obtained on 2 days: Low-water February 24 and high-water March 2. Lines 30-1, 30-2 and 30-3 were flown at low-water. Lines 30-1, 30-2, 30-3, and 30-4 were flown at high.

Low-water photography Feb. 24. (Time furnished by Photographer.)

(1) Segment of Line 30-1 approximately 4 miles north and 4 miles south of Port Everglades inlet (or entrance) 1201 to 1210 hrs. based on PORT EVERGLADES staff reading of 1.7 ft.

(2) Line 30-1, based on LAKE WORTH PIER, photographed in its entirety from 1228 to 1241 hrs. when the tide reading was 1.4/1.3 ft.

(3) An 8 mile segment of line 30-1, based on BAHIA MAR YACHT CLUB, was photographed at 1444 to 1449 hrs. when the tide staff read 1.7 ft.

4.

(4) An 8 mile segment of line 30-1, based on ANDREWS AVENUE BRIDGE was photographed at 1511 to 1515 hrs., when the staff read 1.8 ft.

(5) Line 30-2, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI, and flown south to north, was photographed at 1259 to 1305 hrs., when the staff read 2.2 feet.

(6) Line 30-3, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI and BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, flown south to north, was photographed at 1319 to 1324 hrs, when the BISCAYNE Bay, Miami staff read 2.1 and the BISCAYNE CREEK staff read 3.1, both ends of the line being within tolerance.

(7) Line 30-2 was then photographed again, based on BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, and flown from north to south at 1330 to 1336 hrs when the staff reading was 3.1.

This ended the low-water photography.

High-water photography, March 2.

(1) Line 30-1, based on LAKE WORTH PIER, was photographed at 1039 to 1055 hrs., when the gage reading was 4.2 feet. However, we were advised that parts of this line were re-photographed at approximately 1144 to 1149 hrs. in the Miami Beach area and at 1242 to 1245 hrs. in the Hollywood area. Tide was within tol-

(2) A segment of line 30-1, based on ANDREWS AVENUE BRIDGE (as well as BAHIA BLK and FORT EVERGLADES) was photographed at 1103 to 1106 hrs. with the camera end overlap setting at 80%.

(3) Line 30-2, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI and BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, was photographed at 1254 to 1300 hrs. when the BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI reading was 4.6 ft. and the BISCAYNE CREEK staff read 5.6 ft.

(4) Line 30.3, based on the same stations, was photo-

3. FORESHORE PROFILES

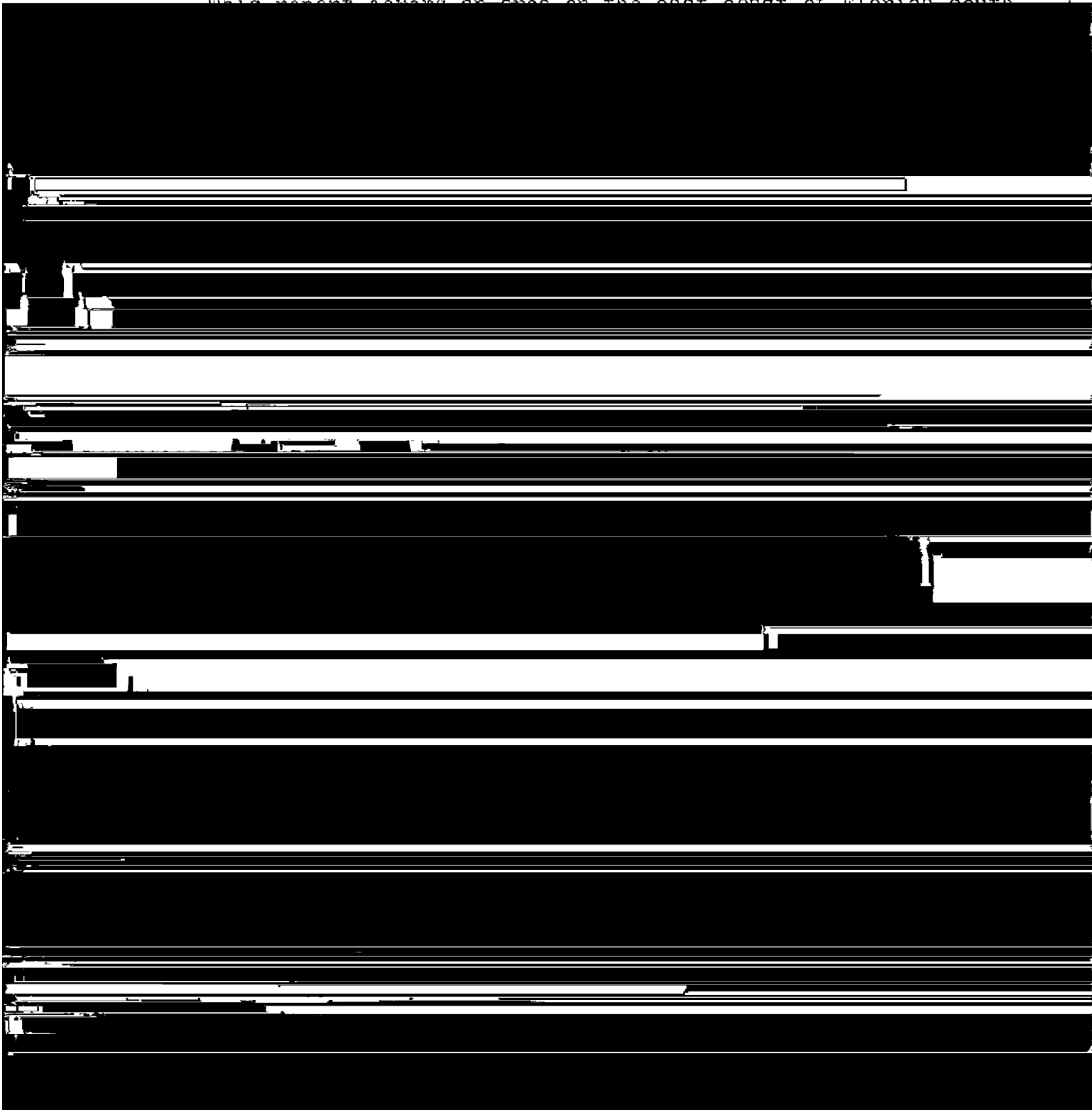
Ten planetable beach profiles were run within the limits of Job PH-7113. They cover a linear distance of approximately 40 miles. The northerly one is at triangulation station PCBPANU and the southernmost one is near the Cape Florida lighthouse on Key Biscayne. Mr. Phil Walbolt ran 7 of the 10 during the period of photography, basing tide stage on a nearby tide gage. The other 3 were similarly accomplished two or three days after photography, with information as to tide level being obtained from the Weather Service's remote recorder in Miami Beach via telephone, in 2 instances.

The procedure was to drive a stake to water level near shore and obtain the tide gage reading at that time by radio from a nearby gage. This elevation thus became the bench mark to determine the horizontal position of mean high- and mean low-water lines from a planetable setup. Points occupied were triangulation stations or recoverable photo-topo points. The planetable was oriented to magnetic north with an azimuth to an identifiable point. One variation from this is at profile No. 7 where no distant azimuth was visible and the profile was laid out to parallel

PHOTOCGRAMMETRIC PLOT REPORT
JUPITER INLET TO HILLSBORO INLET, FLORIDA
Job PH-7010
January 1973

21 AREA COVERED

This report covers an area on the east coast of Florida south



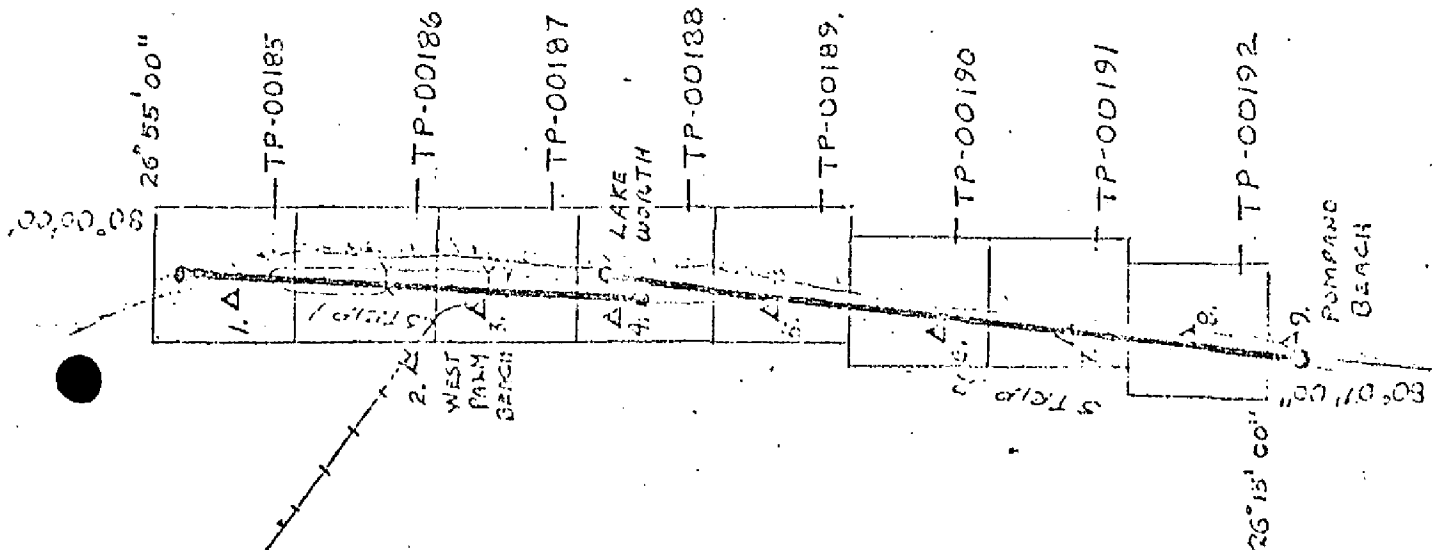
JOB FH-7 129
JUPITER INLET TO HILLSBORO INLET
FLORIDA
SHORELINE MAPPING
SCALE 1:10,000

CONTROL

1. Golf 1934, RM 1
2. St. Marys S-2, (subpoint)
3. East 1924, (subpoint 1)
4. Police 1970, (subpoint A)
5. Delray North, (subpoint M 2, 1933)
6. Delray South, (subpoint 1934, RM 6, 1970)
7. Cloister 1929
8. Turtle 1929
9. Tompano 1923 (subpoint A)

△ Horizontal control used in adjustment

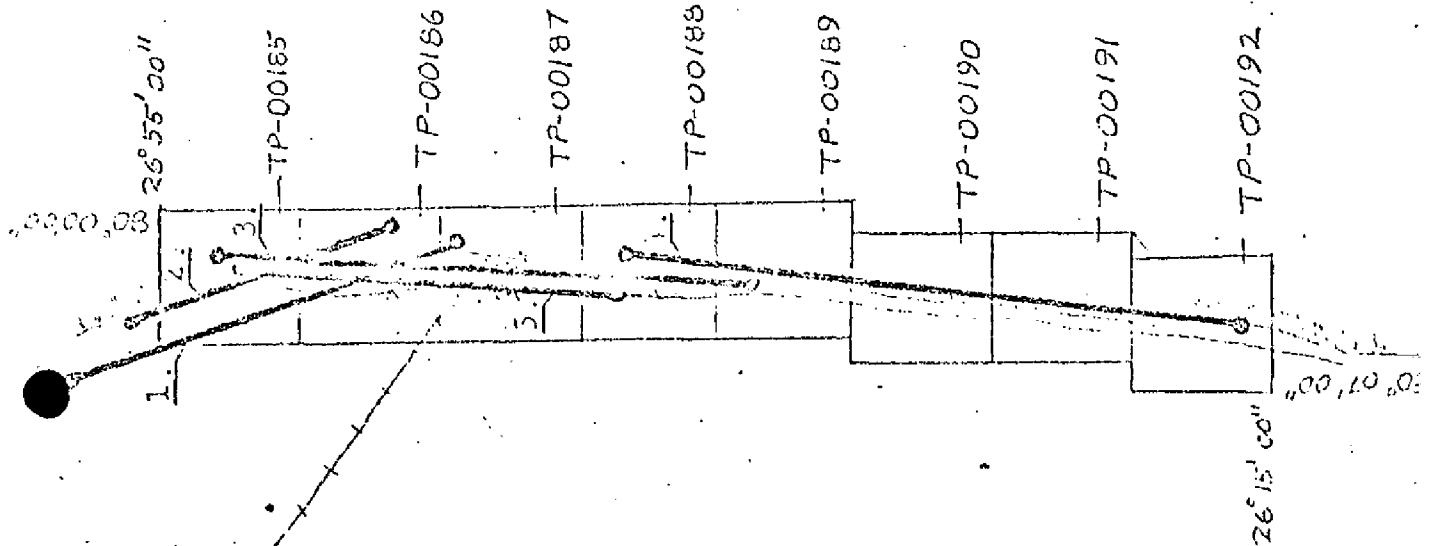
○ 1:30,000 scale photography



JOB PH-7010
 JUPITER INLET TO HILLSBORO INLET
 FLORIDA
 COMPILATION PHOTOGRAPHY

1:25,000 SCALE INTERAID

- | | | | | | |
|----|-----|-------|---|-------|-----|
| 1. | 70L | 6991R | - | 7003R | MLW |
| 2. | 70L | 7385R | - | 7394R | MHW |
| 3. | 70L | 7021R | - | 7056R | MLW |
| 4. | 70L | 7155R | - | 7176R | MHW |
| 5. | 70L | 7361R | - | 7373R | MHW |



Horizontal Control

Map TP-00190

Station	NOS Geodetic Data Reference for Description, Positions, Coordinates and Azimuths
GULF STREAM SILVER TANK, 1934	Book 422, P. 23, G.P.-Fla. Vol. 1, P. 183 P.C. Fla. E Zone, P. 47
DELRAY, 1929	Book 422, P. 3, 23, 28, 30, 32 G. P. - Fla. Vol. 1, P. 769, P. C. Fla. E Zone, P. 166
DELRAY SOUTH BASE, 1934	Book 422, P. 3, 20, 21, 30, 32, G.P.-Fla. Vol. 1, P. 134, P.C. Fla. E Zone, P. 12
ELKHART, 1934	Book 422, P. 2, 3, 23, G.P.-Fla. Vol. 1 P. 163 P. C. Fla. E Zone P. 22.
WEED, 1929	Book 422, P. 3, 4, 21, 27, G.P.-Fla. Vol. 1, P. 184, P.C. Fla. E Zone, P. 48
WEED 2, 1934	Book 422 P. 3, 4, 21, 27, G.P.-Fla. Vol. 1, P. 163, P. C. Fla. E Zone, P. 22 .

Geodetic Bench Mark	Elevations (feet)	Condensed Description
	NGVD 1929	
A 98	16.401	C&GS disk stamped A 98 1942; 29.2 ft. E of E rail of N-bound main track, 25 ft. W of Old Dixie Hwy. centerline, 1.5 ft. S of metal witness post.
DELRAY	15.709	C&GS disk stamped DELRAY 1929 1955; 22.6 ft. N of SE corner of Seacrest Hotel, 3 ft. E of E side of hotel.
DELRAY S BASE	17.713	C&GS disk stamped DELRAY S BASE 1934 1962; 49.2 ft. E of E rail of N-bound track, 23 ft. N of SW corner of cyclone fence around Fla. P & L Co. Bldg., 20.7 ft. W of SW corner of bldg.
X 233	16.132	C&GS disk stamped X 233 1965; 63 ft. NW of and across Old Dixie Hwy. from cable line pole #554, 29.4 ft. E of E rail of N-bound main track, 2 ft. N of metal witness post.
Z 233	17.569	C&GS disk stamped Z 233 1965; 33.5 ft. W of W rail of S-bound main track, 26 ft. S of St. centerline, 2.5 ft. S of brace pole, 1.5 ft. N of metal witness post.
B 234	19.869	C&GS disk stamped B 234 1965; 53.5 ft. W-

FLORIDA - NOAA Coastal Boundary Mapping Program

Vertical Control - Geodetic

Map TP - 00190 18

Geodetic Bench Mark	Elevations (feet)	Condensed Description
	NGVD 1929	
M 315	6.765	C&GS disk stamped M 315 1970; 43.3 ft. W of ALA centerline, 21 ft. N of approx. road centerline, 4.5 ft. N of concrete power line pole.
P 315	21.788	C&GS disk stamped P 315 1970; 21 ft. W of ALA centerline; 1 ft. E of power line pole, 1.5 ft. NE of metal witness post.
Q 315	15.600	C&GS disk stamped Q 315 1970; 26 ft. W of ALA centerline, 2 ft. N of power line pole, 1 ft. E of metal witness post.
BM 116 (USE)	15.285	*

* Description given under Tidal Bench Marks

Compilation Report
TP-00190

31. Delineation

The land area of this map is shown by an orthophoto mosaic. The orthophoto mosaic was assembled with black-and-white rectified prints from the color photography. The rectified prints and mosaic were controlled by points determined by aerotriangulation.

The tidal datum lines and any offshore features on this map were compiled from office interpreted tide-coordinated black-and-white infrared photography. The rectified color photography was used as an aid for interpreting culture features and compiling the limits of shallow and shoal areas for Nautical Charts. The tide-coordinated black-and-white infrared photography was controlled by common planimetric features and map points determined by aerotriangulation.

32. Horizontal Control

Refer to the photogrammetric plot report bound with this Descriptive Report.

33. Supplemental Data - None

34. Contours and Drainage

Contours are inapplicable. Drainage is depicted by the orthophoto mosaic.

35. Shoreline and Alongshore Details

Photography was adequate for the delineation of the mean high and mean low water lines.

Completeness and accuracy of the tidal datum lines will be verified during the field edit operation.

36. Offshore Details

No unusual problems were encountered.

37. Landmarks and Aids

The images of charted objects visible on the photography were located during compilation and will be verified by field edit. Objects not visible on the photography will be located by the field editor.

38. Control for Future Surveys - None

39. Junctions

Refer to form 76-36B (page 2 of this Descriptive Report).

40. Horizontal Accuracy

Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 complies with the accuracy requirements for the Florida Coastal Zone Mapping Program as outlined by project instructions, PH-7000.

41. thru 45. Inapplicable

46. Comparison with Existing Maps

Comparison was made with USGS quadrangle:

Delray Beach, Fla., scale 1:24,000, 1962, photorevised 1969.

47. Comparison with Nautical Charts

Comparison was made with the following Nautical Charts:

SC-847, scale 1:40,000, 11th edition, dated Aug. 1972.

No significant differences were noted.

Submitted by,

P. J. Dempsey

Patrick J. Dempsey

Approved and forwarded:

Jeter P. Battley Jr.

J. P. Battley, Jr.
Chief, Coastal Mapping Division

51. METHODS

The shoreline of the Atlantic Ocean was verified visually by walking the entire shoreline. The shoreline of the Intracoastal Waterway was verified visually from a small boat while cruising just off shore. Notes regarding apparent and "fast" shoreline, piers, groins, and other shoreline features were made on the rectified photographs.

Form 76-40 is submitted for three landmarks to be charted. All are triangulation stations. Two landmarks are recommended for deletion on form 76-40.

Form 76-40 is also submitted for two nonfloating aids. They were photo-identified.

Bench Marks were searched for, identified on the photographs, and reported on forms 76-89.

All triangulation stations on the map manuscript were searched for. Forms 526 are submitted for stations lost or destroyed, and for stations whose descriptions require modification.

State and federal highway numbers are shown on the photographs.

Field edit notes will be found on the Discrepancy Print, Field Edit Sheet, and the photographs.

The MLWL was verified using the Boynton Beach gage, when the tide was 0.2 foot below MLW. Small changes and additions to the compiled MLWL will be found on the field edit sheet.

Shoals, shallows, channels, and foul areas were verified by traveling the area in a small boat.

Color photography was not available for work on this sheet.

52. ADEQUACY OF COMPILATION

Adequate after addition of field edit information.

53. MAP ACCURACY

No test required.

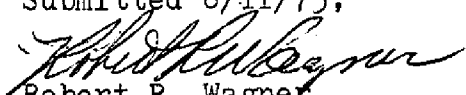
54. RECOMMENDATIONS

None.

55. EXAMINATION OF PROOF COPY

Not required.

Submitted 6/11/73,


Robert R. Wagner
Chief, Photo Party 60.

Review Report
Coastal Zone Map TP-00190
July 1975

61. General

The map manuscript for Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 was reviewed in its Class I (field edit applied) stage by the Quality Control Group. The review consisted of an examination of the following:

- Map manuscript
- Photography
- Field edit and its application
- Reproduction negatives
- Descriptive Report

The proof copy of Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 was examined and edited by the Quality Control Group prior to its publication. This edit comprised a thorough inspection of map details to verify the accuracy of reproduction with reference to the map manuscript and the quality of reproduction. In addition, the proof copy was examined by the following sections:

- Coastal Mapping - Map details
- Staff Geographer - Geographic names
- Coastal Surveys - Horizontal and vertical control

62. Cartographic Comparison

Comparison was made with the following USGS quadrangle:

Delray Beach, Fla., 1962, photorevised 1969, 1:24,000 scale

No significant differences were noted.

Comparison was made with the following Nautical Chart:

11467 (formerly 847-SC) 13th edition, Sept. 14, 1974, 1:40,000 scale.

The following differences were noted:

Numerous offshore features along the Atlantic shoreline such as piling, groins, etc., are shown on Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 that are not shown on Chart 11467. These features were either located or verified by the field edit of 1973.

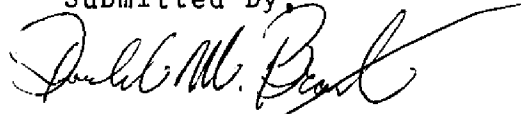
The comparison showed differences in culture shoreline on the interior waters between the map and chart. These culture differences were verified by field edit.

63. thru 65. Inapplicable

66. Adequacy of Results and Future Surveys

Coastal Zone Map TP-00190 complies with the instructions for NOS Cooperative Coastal Boundary Mapping, Job PH-7000, and the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Submitted by,


Donald M. Brant

Approved and forwarded:


Chief, Photogrammetric Branch


Chief, Coastal Mapping Division

July 1975

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GEOGRAPHIC NAMES
FINAL NAME SHEET
PH-7010 (Florida)

TP-00190

Atlantic Ocean

Boynton Beach

Chapel Hill

Delray Beach

Delray Shores

Florida East Coast (RR)

Gulf Stream

Lake Ida

Rainbow Homes

Seaboard Coast Line (RR)

Tropic Isle

Tropic Isle Harbor

Approved:



Charles E. Harrington
Staff Geographer

TYPE OF ACTION	
1. Objects inspected from seaward	P, R
2. Positions determined and/or verified	C, V
3. Forms originated by Quality Control and Review Group and final review activities	P, V. Copy D.

INSTRUCTION

NOTE: 'Photogrammetric Positions' are dependent entirely
'Field Positions' are determined by field observations &

COLUMN TITLE

COMPILATION

Applicable to o
identify the obj

FIELD INSPECTION

AND

FIELD EDIT

1. New Position Del

F - Field

1. Triangulation

2. Traverse

3. Intersection

4. Resection

a. Theodolite

b. Planimeter

c. Sextant

Immediately before

a. For 'Field Pos

b. For 'Photogram

was used in lo

2. Triangulation Station

3. Position Verified

[illegible]

TYPE OF ACTION		NAME	TITLE
1. Objects inspected from seaward		R. R. Warner	☐ FIELD INSPECTOR ☒ FIELD EDITOR
2. Positions determined and/or verified			FIELD INSPECTOR
		C. V. Ullman	FIELD EDITOR
		P. J. Dempsey	COMPILER
3. Forms originated by Quality Control and Review Group and final review activities		Copy checked after typing D. Brant	☐ REVIEWER ☒ QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION' SECTION

NOTE: 'Photogrammetric Positions' are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods. 'Field Positions' are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground control.

COLUMN TITLE

TYPE OF ENTRIES

COMPILATION

Applicable to office identified and located objects only. Enter the number and date of the photograph used to identify the object.

FIELD INSPECTION
AND

FIELD EDIT

1. New Position Determined—Enter the applicable data by symbols as indicated below:

F — Field

P — Photogrammetric

EXAMPLES:

1. Triangulation

1. Field identified

2. Traverse

2. Theodolite

F. 3.c

3. Intersection

3. Planetable

4. Resection

4. Sextant

P. 2

a. Theodolite

b. Planetable

c. Sextant

Immediately beneath the data described above, enter the following:

a. For 'Field Positions' enter the date of location.

b. For 'Photogrammetric Positions' enter the date of field work; and, if a photograph was used in locating the object or the object was identified on a photograph, enter the number of the photograph used.

2. Triangulation Station Recovered — Enter 'Triang. Rec. mo/day/yr.'

3. Position Verified — Enter 'Verif. mo/day/yr.'

* U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1971-769374/445 REG. 4

NAME		TITLE	
1. Objects inspected from seaward	R. R. Wagner	☐ FIELD INSPECTOR ☒ FIELD EDITOR	
2. Positions determined and/or verified	C. V. Ullman	FIELD INSPECTOR	
	P. J. Dempsey	COMPILER	
3. Forms originated by Quality Control and Review Group and final review activities	Copy checked after typing D. Brant	☐ REVIEWER ☒ QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION SECTION

NOTE: 'Photogrammetric Positions' are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods; 'Field Positions' are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground control.

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FIELD INSPECTION
AND

FIELD EDIT

1. New Position Determined—Enter the applicable data by symbols as indicated below:

F — Field

P — Photogrammetric

EXAMPLES:

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|--------|
| 1. Triangulation | 1. Field identified | F. 3.c |
| 2. Traverse | 2. Theodolite | |
| 3. Intersection | 3. Planetable | |
| 4. Resection | 4. Sextant | P. 2 |
| a. Theodolite | | |
| b. Planetable | | |
| c. Sextant | | |

Immediately beneath the data described above, enter the following:

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3. Position Verified — Enter 'Verif. mo/day/yr.'

TP-00190
National Archives Data

- 1 Field edit sheet
- 1 Discrepancy print
- 3 Forms 76-40
- 3 Pages of tide data

Photography:

71E(C)9518 thru 9521 (black and white ratio)

71E(C)9517 is filed with TP-00189)