NOAA COASTAL MAPPING PROGRAM PROJECT COMPLETION REPORT

PROJECT AK1618A-CM-N

Battery Point, Kelgaya Bay, Alaska

Introduction

NOAA Coastal Mapping Program (CMP) Project AK1618A-CM-N provides a highly accurate database of updated digital shoreline data for a portion of Kelgaya Bay at Battery Point, in Chilkoot Inlet, Alaska. This project is a subproject of a larger acquisition project, AK1618-CM-N, which covers the shore of Chilkoot Inlet from Lutak Inlet to Battery Point. The Geographic Cell (GC) may be used in support of the NOAA Nautical Charting Program (NCP) as well as geographic information systems (GIS) for a variety of coastal zone management applications.

Project Design

Project AK1618A-CM-N was designed in response to a request for shoreline data from the Navigation Services Division of NOAA's Office of Coast Survey. The Requirements Branch (RB) of the Remote Sensing Division (RSD) formulated the photographic mission instructions for this project following the guidelines of the Photo Mission Standard Operating Procedures. The instructions discussed the project's purpose, geographic area of coverage, scope and priority, image requirements, Global Positioning System (GPS) data collection procedures and guidelines, instructions for data recording and handling, and mission communication protocols. RB created a Project Layout Diagram, flight maps and input files for the aircraft flight management system.

Field Operations

Field operations for AK1618-CM-N consisted of the collection of static and kinematic GPS data and Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) data, and the acquisition of aerial imagery. Aerial survey operations were conducted on May 19, 2016 with the NOAA King Air aircraft. Three flight lines of natural color and near-infrared (NIR) imagery were acquired concurrently using an Applanix DSS-580/560 dual camera system. All imagery was acquired at a nominal altitude of 7,500 feet, resulting in an approximate ground sample distance (GSD) of 0.24 meters. Of the 82 color and NIR images acquired for the project, only 14 of the color images were utilized for subproject AK1618A-CM-N. The NIR imagery was not used at all.

Direct Georeferencing Data Processing

GPS/IMU data were processed by RSD personnel to yield precise camera positions and orientations for direct georeferencing (DG) of the imagery. A local GPS base station was established for use as a reference station for kinematic GPS processing operations. The position of the base station was determined using the NGS Online Processing User Service (OPUS), which computed fixed baseline solutions from nearby CORS stations. The airborne kinematic data was processed using Applanix POSPAC MMS software (ver. 7.1) in July 2016. For further information refer to the Airborne Positioning and Orientation Report (APOR) that is on file with other project data within the RSD Electronic Data Library.

The processed GPS/IMU data were used to derive precise exterior orientation (EO) values of the camera centers required for digital feature extraction. The predicted horizontal accuracy of the imagery was determined by propagating sensor EO and image measurement uncertainties through the photogrammetric collinearity equations using an Exterior Orientation Total Propagated Uncertainty (EO-TPU) tool developed by NGS. Using this tool, the predicted horizontal uncertainty at the 95% confidence level was calculated to be 0.60 meters.

One US Coast Guard tower light (HAINES SMALL BOAT HARBOR LIGHT 2) was used to verify the horizontal integrity of the DG data. All stereo-models were examined and found to have acceptable levels of parallax for mapping purposes.

Compilation

The data compilation phase of this project was accomplished by RSD AB personnel in March 2018. Digital mapping was performed using the Feature Extraction software module within SOCET SET (ver. 5.6). Feature identification and attribution within the GC were based on image analysis of the aerial imagery and information extracted from the largest scale NOAA nautical chart and other ancillary sources. Feature attribution was assigned in compliance with the Coastal Cartographic Object Attribute Source Table (C-COAST), which provides the definition and attribution scheme for the full range of cartographic features pertinent to the CMP.

Spatial data accuracies for project AK1618A-CM-N were determined according to standard Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) practices. Cartographic features were compiled to meet a horizontal accuracy of 1.2 meters at the 95% confidence level. This predicted accuracy of well-defined points measured during the compilation phase was derived by doubling the imagery accuracy computed from the EO-TPU tool.

Date	Time (UTC)	Roll #	Strip/Photo #s	~ GSD	Tide Level*
05/19/2016	20:46 - 20:47	16VC60	45-001 / 14307 - 14312	0.24 m	4.2 m
05/19/2016	20:53 - 20:54	16VC60	45-002 / 14325 - 14332	0.24 m	4.2 m

The following table provides information on the imagery used to complete this project:

* Tide levels are given in meters above MLLW and were calculated using the Pydro software tool with a TCARI grid referenced to verified water level observations at the time of photography from various NOS gauges in the vicinity of the project. The elevation of the MHW tidal datum in the project area is approximately 4.8 meters above MLLW.

Quality Control / Final Review

Quality control tasks were conducted during all phases of project completion by a member of the Applications Branch. The final QC review was completed in April 2016. The review process included analysis of the DG results and assessment of the identification and attribution of digital feature data within the GC according to image analysis and criteria defined in C-COAST. The quality control process concluded with an inspection of topological connectivity within the GC using ArcGIS 10.5 software. All project data was evaluated for compliance to CMP requirements.

Comparisons of the largest scale NOAA nautical charts with source imagery and compiled project data resulted in creation of the Chart Evaluation File (CEF). The following nautical chart was used in the comparison process:

17317, 1:77,812, 21st Ed., May 2015

End Products and Deliverables

The following specifies the location and identification of the products generated during the completion of this project:

Remote Sensing Division Electronic Data Library

- Airborne Positioning and Orientation Report (APOR)
- Project Completion Report (PCR)
- Project database
- GC11417 in shapefile format
- Chart Evaluation File

NOAA Shoreline Data Explorer

- GC11417 in shapefile format
- Metadata file for GC11417
- Digital copy of the PCR

End of Report

BATTERY POINT, KELGAYA BAY

ALASKA

